

CHINA



MAIL

Established February, 1845

With which is incorporated The "Hongkong Evening Mail and Shipping List." Published every Evening.

VOL. XXXV. No. 4850. 號一廿月正年九十七百八千一英 HONGKONG, TUESDAY, JANUARY 21, 1879. 日九廿月二十年寅戊 PRICE, \$24 PER ANNUM.

AGENTS FOR THE CHINA MAIL.

LONDON.—F. ALGER, 8, Clement's Lane, Lombard Street. GEORGE STREET & Co., 30, Cornhill. GORDON & GOTH, Ludgate Circus, E. C. BATES, HENDY & Co., 4, Old Jewry, E. C. SAMUEL DRACON & Co., 150 & 154, Leadenhall Street.

PARIS AND EUROPE.—LEON DE ROBERT, 19, Rue Monsieur, Paris.

NEW YORK.—ANDREW WIEB, 133, Nassau Street.

AUSTRALIA, TASMANIA, AND NEW ZEALAND.—GORDON & GOTH, Melbourne and Sydney.

SAN FRANCISCO and American Ports generally.—BRAM & BLACK, San Francisco.

SINGAPORE AND STRAITS.—SAYLE & Co., Singapore. C. HEINZELN & Co., Manila.

CHINA.—MACAO, MESSRS A. DE MELLO & Co., SOUZA, CAMPBELL & Co., Amoy. WILSON, NICHOLS & Co., Foochow. HEDGECOCK & Co., Shanghai. LANE, CRAWFORD & Co., and KELLY & WALSH, Yokohama, LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.

Banks.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL, 5,000,000 Dollars. RESERVE FUND, 1,200,000 Dollars.

COURT OF DIRECTORS.

Chairman.—F. D. SASSOON, Esq.
Deputy Chairman.—W. H. FORBES, Esq.
E. R. BELLIOS, Esq. A. MOLVER, Esq.
H. L. DALRYMPLE, Esq. WILHELM REINERS, Esq.
H. HOPPIUS, Esq. W. S. YOUNG, Esq.
Hon. W. KESWICK.

CHIEF MANAGER.

Hongkong, THOMAS JACKSON, Esq.
Shanghai, EWEN CAMERON, Esq.
LONDON BANKERS.—London and County Bank.

HONGKONG.

INTEREST ALLOWED.

ON Current Deposit Account at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balance.

For Fixed Deposits.—
For 3 months, 3 per cent. per annum.
" 6 " 4 " " "
" 12 " 5 " " "

LOCAL BILLS DISCOUNTED.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts, granted on London, and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

T. JACKSON, Chief Manager.

Offices of the Corporation, No. 1, Queen's Road East.

Hongkong, November 26, 1878.

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION.

(Incorporated by Royal Charter.)

RATES OF INTEREST ALLOWED ON FIXED DEPOSITS.

At 3 months' notice 5% per annum.
" 6 " " 4% " "
" 12 " " 3% " "

On Current Accounts at Rates which can be ascertained at their Office.

D. A. J. OROMBIE, Acting Manager.

Oriental Bank Corporation, Hongkong, November 23, 1878.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

CAPITAL, 2800,000. RESERVE FUND, 150,000.

Banks.

THE BANK OF ENGLAND.

THE CITY BANK.

THE

NATIONAL BANK OF SCOTLAND.

THE BANK'S BRANCH in Hongkong grants Drafts on London and the Chief Commercial places in Europe and the East; buys and receives for collection Bills of Exchange, and conducts all kinds of Banking and Exchange Business.

RATES OF INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

On CURRENT ACCOUNTS, 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balance.

On FIXED DEPOSITS.

For 3 months, 3 per cent. per annum.
" 6 " 4 " " "
" 12 " 5 " " "

For Sale.

FOR SALE.

FINE NEW FIGS, direct from Smyrna. Brazil and Barcelona NUTS. LETT'S DIARIES for 1879. Central and Pin Fire CARTRIDGE CASES.

CLOTH and FELT GUN-WADS. American PARLOUR and COOKING STOVES.

COAL SCUTTLES, new designs. FENDERS and FIRE IRONS. COCOA MATTING.

TAPESTRY CARPET. DOOR MATS.

California LAMBSWOOL-BLANKETS. WHITNEY BLANKETS.

REP and other TABLE COVERS, Fancy Patterns.

TABLE LINEN. Fine TURKISH TOWELS.

LINEN SHEETING. PILLOW LINEN.

GREEN and MARONE REP. FLANNEL SHIRTINGS.

FANCY FLANNEL for Gents' Suits. NAVY BLUE SERGE.

CLOTH TROWSER LENGTHS, Assorted Patterns.

ALBUMS, in great variety. CRUMB BRUSHES and TRAYS.

CRUMB'S CASH and DEED BOXES. VERNON'S AUTOMATIC COFFEE MACHINES.

COFFEE ROASTERS. TREMBLING CALL BELLS.

IMPERIAL TRACING CLOTH. DESSERT, DINNER and BREAK-FAST SERVICES.

TABLE GLASSWARE, of every Description.

FOLDING CHAIRS. CIGARS, CIGARETTES.

KELLY'S FAMOUS CUT TOBACCOES. HOUSEHOLD STORES, of every Description.

CLARET in Casks. MALT. HOPS. CAUSTIC SODA, CANADIAN POTASH.

CARBOLIC ACID. CHLORIDE OF LIME, &c., &c., &c.

LAMMERT, ATKINSON & CO. Hongkong, November 16, 1878.

S A M H I N G

STULTZ, HAS JUST RECEIVED PER "CYPHRENE,"

AND HAS FOR SALE—NEW PATTERNS in CARPETS. WINDOW CURTAINS of all kinds.

TABLE CLOTHS & TABLE NAPKINS. HATS in every style.

DRESS BOOTS, and SHOES.

88 and 90, Queen's Road Central, Hongkong, December 11, 1878. fe13

NOW READY.

A CHINESE DICTIONARY IN THE CANTONESE DIALECT. Parts I and II, A to M, with Introduction. Royal 8vo., pp. 404.—By ERNEST JOHN EITEL, Ph.D. Tubingen.

Price: FIVE DOLLARS, or TWO DOLLARS AND A HALF per Part.

To be had from Messrs LANE, CRAWFORD & Co., Hongkong and Shanghai; and Messrs KELLY & WALSH, Shanghai.

Hongkong, March 1, 1878.

Auctions.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instructions from E. DE LAGRENE, Esq., French Consul of Canton, to sell by Public Auction, on

TUESDAY,

the 28th day of January, 1879, at 2 p.m., at his Sales Rooms, Queen's Road,—

Sundry EFFECTS, belonging to the Estate of the late Captain LONGUEVILLE, comprising:—

A large collection of BOOKS. A collection of Chinese, Japanese, Korean, and Annamite COINS.

Aneroid, Sextant, Microscope, Telescope, Binoculars, Medicine Chest, Breech-loading and Needle Rifles and Fowling-Pieces, Spencer Repeating Rifles, Pistols, and Cartridges.

Vases, Bronzes, Ornaments, &c., &c., &c.

Catalogues will be issued.

TERMS OF SALE.—As customary.

J. M. ARMSTRONG, Auctioneer.

Hongkong, January 10, 1879. ja25

For Sale.

EX LATE ARRIVALS.

WOOLLEN SOCKS, DRAWERS and UNDERSHIRTS. LETT'S DIARIES. LETT'S DIARIES. RIDING WHIPS, BRIDLES and PONY HARNESS. RUG STRAPS, YORK HAMS, CHIT BOOKS. HORSE CLIPPERS, FILTERS, SILBER LAMPS. French and English BOOTS and SHOES. The New Patent LIFE VESTS. PONY HARNESS, CHUBB'S FIREPROOF SAFES. SALAMANDERS for Heating Baths.

WORKS OF REFERENCE, California APPLES. HAIR BRUSHES, BILLIARD CLOTHS. COPYING PRESSES, CHRISTY'S HATS. SCARFS, COLLARS, KID GLOVES. FOOD WARMERS, CIGARETTES. CRICKET BATS, BALLS, GLOVES, &c. PARTAGA'S HAVANA CIGARS. BATH TOWELS, PAINT BOXES. DAMASK for Table Cloths, STATIONERY. PATENT WATER CLOSETS, POCKET BOOKS. DOG COLLARS and CHAINS, TENNIS BALLS. CHILDREN'S BOOKS, VALISES. Ladies' and Gentlemen's DRESSING BAGS, Fitted. AIR CUSHIONS, BILLIARD BALLS. SHORT SNIDERS with SWORD BAYONETS. BASS'S ALE, GUINNESS'S STOUT, Bottled by FOSTER. Bass in Hds., SACCOONE'S SHERRIES.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.

Hongkong, January 9, 1879.

Notices of Firms.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

BY Order of the Court of Directors, I have To-day HANDED OVER CHARGE of this Branch to Mr JAMES SOMERVILLE.

WILLIAM FORREST, Manager.

Hongkong, January 16, 1879.

NOTICE.

THE INTEREST and RESPONSIBILITY of Mr WALTER SCOTT FITZ, in our Firm in Hongkong and China, CEASED on the 31st December last.

Mr CHARLES VINCENT SMITH is admitted a Partner from this Date.

RUSSELL & Co.

Hongkong, January 1, 1879. jyl

NOTICE.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP Co.

MR J. J. HOWARD is hereby authorized to SIGN BILLS of LADING by the Company's Steamers.

RUSSELL & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, January 2, 1879. fe2

NOTICE.

THE BUSINESS hitherto Conducted by us at this Port, CANTON and SHANGHAI will be CONTINUED from this Date under the Style and Title of VOGEL & Co.

VOGEL, HAGEDORN & Co. Hongkong, January 1, 1879. fe1

NOTICE.

I HAVE This Day Established myself at this Port and at CANTON as MERCHANT and COMMISSION AGENT, under the Firm or Style of PUSTAU & Co.

T. I. E. VON PUSTAU.

Hongkong, January 1, 1879. fe1

NOTICE.

WE have Established a BRANCH of our Firm at SHANGHAI.

ARNHOLD, KARBURG & Co. Hongkong, December 31, 1878. ja31

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned being about to Close his Firm at Swatow, hereby notifies that all DEBTS and CLAIMS due to or by him, he will Collect and Pay.

The Interest and Good will of his Business has been transferred to Messrs DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co.

E. VINCENT.

Hongkong, November 30, 1878.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Messrs DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co. have This Day Established a BRANCH of their Firm at Swatow, and have authorized Mr G. D. PITMAN to Sign per Procuration.

DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co. Hongkong, November 30, 1878.

NOTICE.

I HAVE This Day ESTABLISHED myself as a PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT and AUDITOR.

THOS. ARNOLD.

18, Bank Buildings, Hongkong, January 1, 1879. fs1

Notices of Firms.

NOTICE.

I HAVE This Day ESTABLISHED myself as a COMMISSION MERCHANT, &c., at No. 2, Queen's Road, under the Style of "J. G. SMITH & Co."

J. GRANT SMITH.

Hongkong, January 1, 1879.

NOTICE.

THE INTEREST and RESPONSIBILITY of JOHN GRANT SMITH and WILLIAM DOLAN in our Firm CEASED on the 31st day of December, 1878.

MACLEWEN, FRICKEL & Co.

Dated this 31st day of December, 1878. fe4

NOTICE.

I HAVE This Day RESUMED my BUSINESS as MARINE SURVEYOR at this Port.

R. H. CAIRNS,

Surveyor to Local Insurance Offices and Lloyd's Register of Shipping.

Club Chambers, Hongkong, December 21, 1878. fe1

NOTICE.

THE INTEREST and RESPONSIBILITY of Mr OTTO BENECKE in our Firm CEASED on 31st December, 1878.

CARLOWITZ & Co.

Canton, Hongkong, and Shanghai, January 1, 1879. fe1

NOTICE.

MR ROBERT BERNHARD has This Day CEASED to be a Partner in our Business.

HEINEMANN & Co., Ship Brokers.

Hongkong, January 17, 1879. fe17

NOTICE.

I HAVE This Day established myself as GENERAL and SHARE BROKER.

CARL DENEKE.

Office, Bank Buildings, Hongkong, December 3, 1878.

NOTICE.

WE have To-day entered into Partnership under the Firm of DENEKE & GEORG as SHARE and GENERAL BROKERS.

CARL DENEKE, ERICH GEORG.

Peddar's Hill, No. 2, Hongkong, January 15, 1879. fe1

NOTICE.

THE Interest and Responsibility of the Undersigned in the Chinese Mail 華字日報 (Wah Tse Yat Po), CEASED from the 1st August, 1877, but Debts prior to that Date will be received and paid by him.

CHUN AYIN.

Hongkong, April 6, 1878.

NOTICE.

IN Reference to the above, the Undersigned has LEASED the Chinese Mail from the 1st August, 1877, and has engaged the services of Mr LEONG YOOK CHUN, as Translator and General Manager of the newspaper, which under his régime will be found to be, as hitherto, an excellent medium for advertising, especially as the Manager is able to devote his whole attention to the conduct of the Newspaper.

KONG CHIM.

Leasee of the Hongkong Chinese Mail, Hongkong, April 6, 1878.

Intimations.

CHINA NEW YEAR HOLIDAY.

IN accordance with Ordinance No. 6 of 1875, the undermentioned BANKS will be Closed on WEDNESDAY, the 22nd Instant.

For the "Oriental Bank Corporation," D. A. J. CROMBIE, Acting Manager.

For the "Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China," H. B. NELSON, Manager.

For the "Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China," J. SOMERVILLE, Manager.

For the "Comptoir d'Escompte de Paris," E. SCHWEBLIN, Actg. Agent.

For the "Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation," T. JACKSON, Chief Manager.

For the "National Bank of India, Ltd.," R. H. SANDEMAN, Manager.

Hongkong, January 20, 1879. ja23

HONGKONG, CANTON, AND MACAO STEAMBOAT COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE MACAO STEAMER will not run on WEDNESDAY, the 22nd Instant.

By Order, P. A. DA COSTA, Secretary.

Hongkong, January 20, 1879. ja23

HONGKONG, CANTON, AND MACAO STEAMBOAT COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE Twenty-Fifth Ordinary Half-yearly MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS in the Company will be held at the Office of the Company, No. 50 A, Queen's Road, on WEDNESDAY, the 29th Instant, at 3 o'clock in the Afternoon, for the purpose of Receiving a Report of the Directors, together with a Statement of Accounts, declaring a Dividend, and electing a Director and Auditors.

By Order of the Board of Directors, P. A. DA COSTA, Secretary.

Hongkong, January 10, 1879. ja20

HONGKONG, CANTON, AND MACAO STEAMBOAT COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

THE Transfer BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 16th to the 20th Instant, inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors, P. A. DA COSTA, Secretary.

Hongkong, January 10, 1879. ja29

HONGKONG, CANTON, AND MACAO STEAMBOAT COMPANY, LIMITED.

G. FALCONER & Co. beg to announce that, during DECEMBER and JANUARY Next, they will offer their Large and Magnificent Stock of JEWELLERY, WATCHES, CLOCKS, SILVER and ELECTRO-PLATE, &c., &c., Considerably under the Usual Prices.

Just Arrived from England, an Elegant ASSORTMENT of SILVER CUPS, suitable for REGATTA or RACE MEETINGS.

Hongkong, November 26, 1878. fe1

HONGKONG, CANTON, AND MACAO STEAMBOAT COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE Head Office of the CHINESE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED, in This Day REMOVED to No. 39, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

J. BRADLEE SMITH, General Agent.

Hongkong, December 30, 1878. ja30

HONGKONG WHARF & GODOWNS STORAGE.

GOODS RECEIVED ON STORAGE at Moderate Rates, in FIRST-CLASS GODOWNS, under European supervision; and VESSELS Discharged alongside the Wharf, on favorable Terms, with quick despatch.

MEYER & Co., Proprietors.

Hongkong, November 29, 1878. my29

HONGKONG HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY.

THE ANNUAL EXHIBITION of the SOCIETY will take place about the middle of FEBRUARY next. The Days of Exhibition will be advertised at an early date.

W. M. B. ARTHUR, Hon. Secretary.

Hongkong, December 16, 1878.

Intimations.

HONGKONG VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

SHOT AND SHELL PRACTICE AT STANLEY.

ORDERLY Room, 20th January, 1879.

THE SEVEN POUNDER FIELD GUN DETACHMENTS will assemble at MURRAY PIER on WEDNESDAY, the 22nd Instant, at 8 o'clock a.m. SIDE ARMS and HELMETS.

A. COXON, Captain-Commandant H. K. V. A.

DENTAL NOTICE.

DR. ROGERS has Returned and is Now Ready to RECEIVE PATIENTS at No. 7, ARBUTHNOT ROAD.

Hongkong, November 23, 1878.

NOTICE.

FROM the 1st of OCTOBER, DR EASTLAKE will receive his PATIENTS at his new DENTAL ROOMS, No. 50, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, over the MEDICAL HALL.

Hongkong, September 23, 1878.

Shipping.

Steamers.

FOR SINGAPORE, BRISBANE, SYDNEY & MELBOURNE.

Intimations:

PLEASE NOTICE.

MR. H. SCHÜREN begs to advertise that he will leave this Colony for Europe on or about the 8th of March next, and that therefore no Photos can be taken by him after the 28th of February.
Hongkong, January 13, 1879. fcl3

F. HUTCHINGS
begs to announce to the Community of Hongkong that he will be able to supply **BEEF, MUTTON, &c.**, from 1st October, and trusts that they may grant him their support.
Shop—WELLINGTON STREET, opposite the Cathedral.
Hongkong, September 20, 1878.

Notices to Consignees.

FROM LONDON AND SINGAPORE.

THE S. S. *Glenorchy* having arrived from the above Ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods—being landed at their risk into the Godowns of the Undersigned, whence and/or from the Wharves or Boats delivery may be obtained.
Optional Cargo will be forwarded unless notice to the contrary be given before 2 p.m., To-day.
Cargo remaining undelivered after the 27th Instant will be subject to rent.
No Fire Insurance has been effected.
Bills of Lading will be countersigned by **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.**
Hongkong, January 20, 1879. j27

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

CONSIGNEES of the following Cargo are requested to send in their Bills of Lading to the Undersigned for countersignature, and take immediate delivery. This Cargo has been landed and stored at their risk and expense.
No Fire Insurance has been effected.
L. HENNEQUIN,
Actg. Agent.

Ex "Iraquaddy."
G (in diamond) No. 1/3, Messrs Gilman & Co., 3 cases Granite, from London.
Hongkong, January 8, 1879.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

S. S. TIGRE.

NOTICE.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo per S. S. *Glenorchy*, from London, in connection with the above Steamer, are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed and stored at their risk at the Company's Godowns, whence delivery may be obtained immediately after landing.
Optional Cargo will be forwarded on, unless intimation is received from the Consignees, before To-morrow, the 18th Inst., at 10 a.m., requesting it to be landed here.
Bills of Lading will be countersigned by the Undersigned.
Goods remaining undelivered after To-morrow, the 21st Instant, at Noon, will be subject to rent and landing charges.
No Fire Insurance has been effected.
L. HENNEQUIN,
Actg. Agent.

Not Responsible for Debts.

Neither the Captain, the Agents, nor Owners will be Responsible for any Debts contracted by the Officers or Crew of the following Vessels, during their stay in Hongkong Harbour:—

FONTEAINE, British ship, Capt. Geo. E. Taylor.—Arnhold, Karberg & Co.
FANNY, French barque, Captain E. M. Goayco.—Landstein & Co.
PRINCE ARTHUR, British barque, Capt. R. Wills.—Chinese.
MAID OF JUDAH, British barque, Capt. Alfred W. Webb.—Rosario & Co.
PACIFIC, German steamer, Capt. Hornshelm.—Stienssen & Co.
PILGRIM, American ship, Capt. Fowle.—Russell & Co.
ALFREDO, Italian barque, Captain S. Pittaluga.—Borneo Co., Limited.

To-day's Advertisements.

Volume Seventh of the "CHINA REVIEW."

Now Ready.

No. 3.—Vol. VII.

OF THE "CHINA REVIEW"

CONTAINS—

Journal from the Book of Rites.
Geographical Notes on the Province of Kiangsi.
Ethnological Sketches from the Dawn of History.
Coins of the "Te-Tsing" Dynasty.
The Critical Disquisitions of Wang Ch'ung.
The Ballads of the Shih-ling.
Translations of Chinese School-books.
Tonic and Vocal Modification in the Foochow Dialect.
Legislation and Law in Ancient China.
A Plea for "Fan-k'wai."
Short Notices of New Books and Literary Intelligence.
Notes and Queries:—
Takes on Industries in Canton.
A Bit of Folk-lore about Candles, Lamps and Fire.
Legends on Chinese Porcelain.
Tams Birds.
To make a Tui (Antithesis).
"Respect This."
The Army of Kwangtung.
Gutsa Percha in China.
Chinese Dialects.
"Confucius, Loxing & Horse in the Desert."
Books Wanted, Exchanges, &c.
China Mail Office,
Hongkong, January 21, 1879.

To-day's Advertisements.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instructions to sell by Public Auction, on **WEDNESDAY**, the 29th January, 1879, at 2 p.m., at the Office of Messrs OLYPHANT & Co., Praya,—
The whole of the **HOUSEHOLD and OFFICE FURNITURE, &c.**, comprising:—
English-made Mahogany Morocco-covered Sofas and Easy Chairs.
English-made Oak Marble-top Cheffonier.
Pier Glasses, Clocks, Gasaliers and Gas Brackets, Engravings, Carpets, Glass Bookcases, and Books.
Bedsteads, Wardrobes, Chest of Drawers, Marble-top Tables, Washstands, Toilet Tables and Glasses, etc., etc.
Office Desks, Paper Presses, Sets Pigeon Holes, Book Shelves, Copying Presses and Stationery.
1 American-made Carom Billiard Table, with Balls, Cues, &c., complete, by Phelan and Collinder.
1 Iron Safe, 1 Fancy Iron Safe, by Verstaen; 1 Chubb's Iron Safe; 2 Platform and 1 Money Scales and Weights.
2 Printing Presses, a Quantity of Types, Type Stands, &c.
1 Four-Oar Gig, with Awning, Oars, &c., complete.
1 Phœlon.

SUNDRY WINE.
Catalogues will be issued, and the whole to be on view on and after Tuesday, the 28th Instant.
TERMS OF SALE—As customary.
J. M. ARMSTRONG,
Auctioneer.
Hongkong, January 21, 1879. j29

LOST.
ABOUT the 27th or 28th Dec., an English White Poodle, DOG, Female. Answers to the name of "BEAUTY." A Liberal Reward will be given for its return to 3rd door above Gage Street, on Peel Street, Miss GORDON.
Hongkong, January 21, 1879.

MEDICAL MISS. SOCIETY.
THE 40th ANNUAL MEETING of this SOCIETY was held in Canton, at the house of Messrs OLYPHANT & Co., on the 14th Instant. G. NYE, Esq., Senior Vice-President in the Chair. The Treasurer's Report (Audited by the Commissioners of Customs) was presented and abstracts read from the Report of the Work at the Society's Hospital and Dispensaries. Forty Thousand cases were treated during 1878, about Two Thousand of which were Surgical.
Dr. F. CARROW, who has been Surgeon in charge for the past three years, resigned that post, and Dr. J. G. KERR, lately returned from America, was appointed in his stead. Detailed Accounts of the cases treated both Medical and Surgical will appear in the Printed Report for 1878, which will be circulated as soon as they are ready.
F. CARROW, M.D.,
Secretary.
January 21, 1879.



STEAM FOR SINGAPORE, PENANG, POINT DE GALLE, ADEN, SUEZ, MALTA, BRINDISI, ANCONA, VENICE, MEDITERRANEAN PORTS, SOUTH-AMPTON, AND LONDON; VIA BOMBAY, ALSO BOMBAY, MADRAS, AND CALCUTTA.

THE PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S Steamship **PEKIN**, Captain W. Woolcott, will leave this on SATURDAY, the 1st February, at Noon.
Tea and General Cargo for London will be conveyed via Bombay without transhipment, arriving one week later than by the direct route. Silk and Valuables will be transferred to the Calcutta steamer at Galle.
For further Particulars, apply to **A. MOIVER, Superintendent.**
Hongkong, January 20, 1879. fcl

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Jan. 21, *Iraquaddy*, French steamer, 2588, Gauvain, Shanghai Jan. 18, Mails and General.—MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.
Jan. 21, *Douglas*, British steamer, 864, M. Young, Foochow Jan. 17, Amoy 19, and Swatow 20, General.—DOUGLAS LAFRANCA & Co.
Jan. 21, *Lee Yuen*, Chinese steamer, 784, Tiedall, Shanghai and Swatow Jan. 20, General.—O. M. S. N. Co.
Jan. 21, *Erny*, Spanish steamer, 292, F. Blanco, Manila Jan. 18, General.—REINOLDS & Co.
Jan. 21, *Yotung*, British steamer, 266, S. W. Goggin, Swatow Jan. 20, General.—KWOK ACHONG.
Jan. 21, 1.30 p.m., *Hwai Yuen*, Chinese steamer, 860, O. Wilson, Shanghai Jan. 18 6 a.m., General.—O. M. S. N. Co.
Jan. 21, *Karo*, British steamer, 978, T. Colling, Swatow Jan. 20, Ballant.—OAR-TAIR.
Jan. 21, *Teucer*, British steamer, 1766, Power, Liverpool Nov. 28, via ports of call, and Singapore Jan. 14, General.—BUTTSFIELD & SWIRE.
Jan. 21, *Armide*, French iron-clad, 8800, de la Barriere, Manila Jan. 17, 12 guns, 450 H.P.

CLEARED.

For Rangoon, *Nuevo Constante*, for Manila, *Glenorchy*, for Shanghai.

DEPARTURES.

Jan. 21, S. R. *Beares*, for New York.
21, *Pernambuco*, for Saigon.
21, *Amoy*, for Shanghai.
21, *Yuen*, for Swatow and Amoy.
21, *Maid of Judah*, for Takow.

PASSENGERS.

ARRIVED.
Per *Iraquaddy*, from Shanghai: for Hongkong, Messrs H. I. Such, E. A. Reeves, L. Nelson, and 4 Chinese; for Marseilles, Messrs G. J. W. Cowie, L. Fraser, H. Bröschen, H. W. Hagart, G. Koelliot, Miss Anna de Biehme, Messrs Geo. Moboby, J. W. Rothery, Daniel Gregor, and H. J. Cook.
Per *Douglas*, from Coast Ports, Capt. Douglas, Messrs Anderson and Wade, and 1 Chinese.
Per *Hwai Yuen*, from Shanghai, Mr. Hsienrunner, and 33 Chinese.
Per *Lee Yuen*, from Shanghai and Swatow, 35 Chinese.
Per *Erny*, from Manila, 45 Chinese, and 1 European deck.
Per *Yotung*, from Swatow, 9 Chinese.
Per *Teucer*, from Straits, 125 Chinese.

DEPARTED.
Per *Pernambuco*, for Saigon, 32 Chinese.
Per *Amoy*, for Shanghai, 12 Chinese.
Per *Yuen*, for Coast, 800 Chinese.
TO DEPART.
Per *Glenorchy*, for Shanghai, 4 Europeans.

SHIPPING REPORTS.

The British steamer *Douglas* reports: Left Foochow (Friday) 17th inst., Amoy 18th, and Foochow at 4 p.m. 20th. Had moderate monsoon and fine weather to Amoy. Light airs and hazy to Swatow, and from there to port variable winds with passing showers. Passed S. S. *Yotung* off Tonghai Point, and S. S. *Lee Yuen* off Nincplus both bound West. At Foochow: German corvette *Fregat*. At Amoy: H. M. S. *Hart*, and S. S. *Koro*. At Swatow: S. S. *Koro*, *Trentin*, and *Kwangtung*. The Chinese steamer *Lee Yuen* reports: Fine weather and steady N.E. monsoon. The Spanish steamer *Erny* reports: Moderate monsoon throughout and fine weather. The British steamer *Yotung* reports: Moderate monsoon and cloudy weather. The Chinese steamer *Hwai Yuen* reports: Light variable winds and cloudy from Shanghai to Breaker Point, thence to port moderate N.E. winds and cloudy.

POST OFFICE NOTICES.
MAILS will close:—
For HOIHOW, with a mail for Pakhoi.—Per H.M.S. *Magpie*, at 2 p.m., on Thursday, the 23rd inst.

MAILS BY THE FRENCH PACKET.
The French Contract Packet *Iraquaddy* will be despatched on SATURDAY, the 28th Instant, with Mails to and through the United Kingdom and Europe, via Naples; to Saigon, Straits Settlements, Batavia, Borneo, Ceylon, India (via Madras), Australia, New Zealand, Tasmania, Fiji, Aden, Seychelles, Réunion, Mauritius, Suez, and Alexandria. This is the best opportunity for forwarding Correspondence to E. Africa, the Cape, St. Helena, and Ascension.

MAILS BY THE BRITISH PACKET.
The British Contract Packet *Pekin* will be despatched on SATURDAY, the 1st February, with Mails to and through the United Kingdom and Europe via Brindisi or Southampton; to the Straits Settlements, Batavia, Borneo, Ceylon, India, Aden, Egypt, Malta, and Gibraltar.
N.B.—This Packet carries no mails for the Australian Colonies, E. or S. Africa, nor for Mauritius.

HOURS OF CLOSING.
THE CONTRACT MAILS.
The following hours are observed in closing Mails, by both the British and French Contract Packets:—
Day before departure, 5 p.m.—Money Order Office closes; Post Office closes except the Night Box, which remains open all night.
Day of departure, 7 a.m.—Post Office opens.
10 a.m.—Registry of Letters ceases. Posting of all printed matter and patterns ceases.
11 a.m.—Mails closed, except for Late Letters.
11.10 a.m.—Letters may be posted with Late Fee of 18 cents until 11.30 a.m.—when the Post Office Closes entirely.
11.40 a.m.—Late Letters may be posted on board the packet with Late Fee of 18 cents until time of departure.

MAILS BY THE TORRES STRAITS PACKET.
The Australian Contract Packet *Normandy*, will be despatched from Hongkong, on MONDAY, the 27th instant, with Mails for Singapore, Thursday Island, Cooktown, Cleveland Bay, Bowen, Koppell Bay, Brisbane, Sydney, Tasmania, New Zealand, Fiji, and Melbourne.
Correspondence cannot be Registered after 1.15 p.m.
The Mails will be closed at 1.30. Supplementary mail on board until 18 cents late fee till time of departure.
Correspondence for Southern and Western Australia can be sent by this route if deiced, but as a general rule it is better to send it via Galle.
Hongkong, Jan. 18, 1879. j27

MAILS BY THE UNITED STATES PACKET.
The United States Mail Packet *Oceanic* will be despatched on TUESDAY, the 4th February, with Mails for Japan, San Francisco, and the United States, which will be closed as follows:—
2.15 p.m. Registry of Letters ceases.
3.30 p.m. Post-Office closes, but Letters (except for Non-Union Countries) may be posted on board the Packet with Late Fee of 18 cents extra Postage until the time of departure.
Correspondence for Non-Union West Indies (except the Bahamas and Hayti), Monte Video, Pataguy, and Uruguay can no longer be sent by this route.
Hongkong, January 18, 1879. j24

MEMOS. FOR TO-MORROW.

Miscellaneous.
Bank Holiday.
Volunteer Shell Practice at Stanley.

MEMOS. FOR THURSDAY.

Meeting.
8 p.m.—Meeting of United Service Lodge.

General Memoranda.

SATURDAY, January 25:—
Noon.—French Mail leaves for Ports of Call and Europe.

MORAY, January 27:—
2 p.m.—*Normandy* leaves for Singapore, &c.
Goods per *Glenorchy* undelivered after this date subject to rent.

TUESDAY, January 28:—
2 p.m.—Sale of Effects, &c., at Mr. Armstrong's Sales Rooms.

WEDNESDAY, January 29:—
2 p.m.—Sale of Household and Office Furniture, &c., at Oliphant & Co.'s Office, Praya.
3 p.m.—Meeting of Shareholders of the H. C. & M. Steamboat Co., Limited, at No. 50 A, Queen's Road.

SATURDAY, February 1:—
Noon.—English Mail leaves for Ports of Call and Europe.

TUESDAY, February 4:—
3 p.m.—Occidental & Oriental S. S. Co.'s Steamer leaves for Yokohama and San Francisco.

THE HONGKONG DISPENSARY.

Established A.D. 1841.
香港大藥房

A. S. WATSON & Co.
FAMILY & DISPENSING CHEMISTS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGISTS,
IMPORTERS

OF
DRUGGISTS' Sundries, Nursery Requisites, Toilet Requisites, English, American, and French Patent Medicines.

MANUFACTURERS
OF
Soda Water, Lemonade, Tonic Water, Gingerade, Potass Water, Sarsaparilla Water, and other Aerated Waters.

The Manufacture is under direct and continuous European Supervision.
Hongkong, June 1, 1876.

The publication of this issue commenced at 7.05 p.m.

BIRTHS.
At Shanghai, on the 12th Jan., the Wife of WILLIAM FORRESTER, of a Daughter.
At Shanghai, on the 14th Jan., Mrs. ARTHUR ANDERSON, of a Daughter.

THE CHINA MAIL.

HONGKONG, TUESDAY, JAN. 21, 1879.

REFERRING to the letter, over the signature of "Qui Vive," which appeared last night, it must be admitted that the published information concerning the prisoners recently liberated by H. E. the Governor has got rather "mixed," and the evidence given to-day by Li Awah before Mr. Justice Snowden places the matter in a worse muddle than ever. As the subject is one of some importance, and we are ever desirous to base our objections to the action of His Excellency upon unquestioned facts—it may not be uninteresting to look at what has been said. In the morning paper of the 9th January, a simple statement appeared to the effect that the Governor had released sixty prisoners from the Gaol. On the same evening, having made special inquiries, we published a full explanation, the gist of which was that all the prisoners discharged, except one boy, were short-sentence prisoners (14 days); the boy, who had not served two-thirds of his sentence by two weeks, having been released at the recommendation of the committing magistrate (Mr. Francis). The next reference in these columns to Gaol delivery (on the 18th) was as follows:—

We understand that no less than 78 prisoners were released from Victoria Gaol this morning by His Excellency the Governor's order. Many of these were long-sentence men who it is alleged had not yet completed two-thirds, and it is even said one half, of their respective terms of sentence. We may hear of them again, but are not anxious to do so.

And upon this information—guaranteed put because almost incredibly—we commented next day (19th), but assumed that every prisoner had served two-thirds of his sentence. On the following day we were "informed that all the prisoners released from Gaol the other day by H. E. the Governor had fully served the two-thirds of their sentence, in accordance with the regulation scale of remission." So the matter stood when our edition for the homeward mail was published.

"Qui Vive" suggested the strong improbability of the coincidence—that two-thirds of the sentences of over seventy prisoners should be worked out on precisely the same day—over occurring; although admitting that the occurrence was not an impossibility. Our belief is

the authenticity of the information applied to us was, however, of the most loyal description; while the "fling" of our correspondent amounted to little more than a "question asked in the House" (on the Opposition side). In the face of the sworn statement of Li Awah, however, it is difficult to know which version is correct; and to say that no prisoner during the last ten days has been released before the expiration of two-thirds of his sentence, except the boy who had two weeks to serve, would not, we are constrained to believe, be "strictly accurate." Li Awah was sentenced to six months' hard labour on the 21st October; and after his "case was re-heard" in the Gaol Office, he was discharged on the 8th January, having served two months and eighteen days—nearly a fortnight short of the half, and one month and twelve days short of two-thirds of his sentence. Our readers can gather their own inferences from the different versions presented to them. Comment is unnecessary. As to the discretion displayed by the head of the Government, in presiding over or sanctioning the re-hearing of cases within the precincts of the Gaol, that also may be left to the unofficial members of the Legislative Council, when opportunity offers. If a second Magistracy is intended to be opened inside the Gaol, then the question of Gaol extension must be re-opened and may take a new departure.

The authorities of the Colony must be rather perplexed in regard to means to be adopted for preventing attacks by armed Chinese on outlying villages, like the affair at Kowloon on Friday night last. Had the Chinese villagers the pluck of the marauders very little protection would be needed by them, because these miserable bands of desperadoes would find a raid among houses occupied by determined men using firearms a rather dangerous undertaking. But recent events have demonstrated that Chinese householders act very much like scared children when a few armed robbers make their appearance among them, and it is evident that if the property of the inhabitants of the various small villages round this Island and on the Kowloon Peninsula is to be protected at all, it will have to be done by the police or troops kept in the Colony. Supposing that a considerable body of desperadoes descend upon a place like Hung Ham, or even Yow-mah-tee, on the mainland, it is clear that an effective resistance to such an attack, and possibly the capture of a few of the offenders, could be made only by the aid of the water police, or of the troops stationed at Kowloon. The constables stationed on the other side of the harbour would probably be too small in number, or too widely spread, to be able to cope in a satisfactory manner with say a hundred of these villainous, but plucky and fairly well armed, Chinese cut-throats. An attack, such as we have indicated, upon some of the well-to-do shops in Yow-mah-tee, or possibly upon a foreign residence in Kowloon, is quite within the bounds of possibility, and it is to be hoped that arrangements will be made by the authorities to reduce as much as possible the chances of an attack of this nature being successful, and to afford some hope of the capture of any such marauders.

The water police, with the aid of their steam launches and boats, ought to be able, upon an alarm being promptly given to them, to send a body of men to any part of Kowloon within a very brief space of time. Have we, wonder, any arrangements been made at the police stations at Kowloon for signalling to the police boats for assistance at night. These are stirring times for people living away from the centre of the town, and it would be well if the police stations at Kowloon were in a position to immediately summon assistance from the police boats, and the garrison there, by sending up a rocket or two, the firing of a gun, or some other means of this description. Villages on the island that cannot be very quickly reached from Hongkong, like Aberdeen and Sow-ke-wan, must rely upon their own protective power, although arrangements might be made for intercepting the flight of the marauders by the despatch of men on foot or on horseback from other places, or the hurrying round of the steam launches. A great deal naturally depends on the point whether arrangements have been made for a quick despatch of men, properly armed, from the various stations to the places where their assistance may be required, and this remark particularly applies to the men on the Police Hulk, and to any men who may be in garrison at Kowloon. The daring attack made upon a crowded portion of this Colony, within easy reach of the police stations, is sufficient evidence we think, that in alluding to the possibility of a similar descent upon some of the shops in Yow-mah-tee or Aberdeen we raise no idle alarm. The successful result of the Hung-ham affair may encourage the rascals to bolder enterprises, offering considerably richer prizes.

Adopting of the above subject we observe that some of the American journals are making the most of the Wing-lok Street affair. Under the heading, in large type, of "British Prestige Shaken," the *New York Sun* gives a long and glowing account of "How a Force of Armed Men stole into Hongkong, overpowered Civilians, beat off the Police and got away in a Steamer—Indignation and Fear!" The account, it is stated in

the introduction, was supplied by Captain Samuel Newton, or "Capt. Sam," who, it is asserted, was formerly Captain of one of the Canton boats, but it is mainly taken from the Hongkong papers. The heading "British Prestige Shaken" reminds us of some of the extraordinary headings our trans-Pacific journalists delight in attaching to the telegrams referring to the war in Afghanistan. In a copy of the *San Francisco Chronicle* received by a recent mail, we find the telegraphic announcement of the successful operations of the British forces on the Afghan borders thus introduced in large type, each sentence occupying a separate line:—"Three British Regiments Retire Under Heavy Fire. The Quetta Column Meets with Reverses also. An Advance Upon Candahar to be Postponed!" If this sort of thing has been kept up, these enterprising journalists must have by this time annihilated the British army in Afghanistan. This is almost as bad as the *New York Herald's* recent reference to "the poor wretched people of India, out of whose misery the English nation ground its wealth."

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.

[SUPPLIED TO THE "CHINA MAIL."] (Per E. E. A. & Co. Telegraph Co.'s Line.)

LONDON, 19th January, 1879.

The Ministerial statement made in the French Chambers describes the feeling of the Country as Republican and pacific; and promises to adopt rigorous measures against the assaults of the existing state of things. It hopes for profit by the termination of the Treaty of Commerce without departing from the principles of free trade.

The French Press condemns the programme as far too moderate, and generally the official statement has been received coldly.

A ministerial crisis is believed to be inevitable.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

THE American ship *Annie Fish* arrived at Manila from Shanghai on the 16th instant.

THERE will be no issue of the *China Mail* to-morrow, in consequence of its being Chinese New Year's Day.

We are informed by the agent that the P. & O. S. S. *Qualor*, with the next English mail, left Singapore for Hongkong at daylight this morning (21st).

THE French ironclad *Armide*, bearing the flag of Rear Admiral Dubourquois, arrived here this afternoon from Manila and saluted the port.

THE O. S. S. Co.'s steamer *Teucer* is lying well outside towards Stone Cutter's Island flying the yellow flag. We understand there is one case of small-pox on board of her.

THE British barque *Cingales*, which left here for Keelung (Formosa) on the 24th instant, was obliged to put into Manila through stress of weather on the 16th instant.

WE are glad to learn that extra precautions are being taken against the chances of a fire during this New Year's season. The steam-engines are kept under banked fires, and everything is in readiness for a surprise. Should there be a fire—which God forbid, it is satisfactory to think that we will not be caught napping.

CONSIDERING that we are on the eve of Chinese New Year the small number of cases before the magistrates to-day is remarkable. Probably the fear lest they should lose their liberty on the annual festival has had something to do with the dearth of magisterial business. The only case of any interest was one in which Wong Akun, the Captain of the *Pai Shu* steam launch, was charged with carrying an excessive number of passengers between Victoria and Hong-ham on the 18th instant. He was fined \$30 or 4 weeks' imprisonment.

A DASTARDLY attempt—at least we can consider it nothing less—to fire the Wing-kut Pawn Shop, Jervois Street, was made last night, by placing a quantity of Chinese gunpowder close to the door. The powder was evidently lighted by means of a slow match, but fortunately it did no more harm than creating a large volume of smoke and scaring the inmates. This occurred about 9 o'clock. It may of course have been done for a "lark," but such "larks" are dangerous, and are generally indulged in by persons who would quite as willingly cut your throat or spear you between the shoulders for a consideration.

THE entertainment at the Temperance Hall last evening was a decided success, if a large audience and a good programme go to make up what is usually styled such. The rooms now used are much better adapted for

the purpose than those used hitherto, and if the rooms were thrown into one by substituting a couple of stout pillars in place of the wall which now divides them, it would not only tend to promote the comfort of the audience, but would do much towards increasing the popularity these entertainments already enjoy.—The only thing lacking to bring about this happy state of affairs is a few dollars judiciously expended—not a very large sum, at most \$100 or \$150, would be sufficient to convert the rooms into a really commodious hall. Mr D. R. Crawford, who presided during the evening, made a few very appropriate remarks.—Mr Lamert, as usual, opened the entertainment with a selection on the piano; then followed a duet "Far Away," which was very well sung by two gentlemen who have more than once assisted at these gatherings. A comic song entitled "The Baronet" was much appreciated and called forth an encore; the action of the performer being exceedingly appropriate. Mr Fraser-Smith then favored the audience with another sample of his well-known elocutionary powers—"Waterloo"—which he delivered with taste and feeling. "Nancy Lee" was next sung by Sergeant Wishart, who was deservedly applauded; and a volunteer, Mr Lave, then sang, "Let me like a soldier fall," his rich powerful voice (which however would be the better of a little training) enabled him to sing this somewhat difficult martial song in good style, and he responded to the encore which followed by singing "I'll hang my hat on a willow tree" without the piano. "Jock, the railway porter" was next sung by Mr Jamieson of the 74th, whose powers as a comedian are pretty well known,—the song was really more a recital of the experiences of a railway porter on the Edinburgh and Glasgow Railway, given in good broad Scotch, than a song—the audience being kept in roars of laughter the whole time. His re-appearance was loudly demanded, when he gave another of the same sort, with if anything greater success—in fact, Jamieson was an entertainment in himself and had to appear no less than four times. A Reading by the Chairman about the benefits of "watering the milk" and the evils of keeping a cow, was in good taste, and delivered in a manner which kept every one in good humor. This, with a song by Mr Dirrell, whose efforts were somewhat marred by the absence of a banjo, and a song by Mr Preswick ("Thy voice is near") the sweetness of which was drowned by the piano, brought the proceedings to a close.

List of Articles presented to the City Hall Museum and Library, from 13th Dec 1878 to 19th Jan, 1879:—1 Genet, by Hon. J. M. Price; 2 Pieces Clay, by Messrs Chong Yun Chan; 1 Glass Spouse, by G. S. Northcote, Esq.; 2 Vols. Athenaeum, and 1 Digest of the Criminal Law, by H. L. Dennis, Esq.; 376 Bottles Sundries, and 1 Net, &c., &c. from Formosa, by Rev. Wm. Campbell; 2 Birds from Amoy, by J. Kirkwood, Esq.; 2 Birds, by J. E. Beale, Esq.; 1 Large Emen, and 1 Hyalanthine Gallinule, by C. Ford, Esq.

Reviews of Visitors to the City Hall Library and Museum for the week ending January 19th 1879:—

	European.	Chinese.
Monday, Jan. 13th,	71	616
Tuesday, 14th,	63	343
Wednesday, 15th,	63	299
Thursday, 16th,	69	302
Friday, 17th,	65	858
Saturday, 18th,	56	40
Sunday, 19th,	52	Sunday
Totals,	429	1,969
Grand total, 2,397.		

The following telegrams are from the Singapore Daily Times:—

London, Jan. 10.—General Roberts successfully attacked and completely defeated the enemy at Khost with heavy loss; the British loss was but small. The Victory is expected to have a salutary effect. [Khost would appear to be the same as Khushi marked on the map as beyond the Shular Gurdan Pass, and if so General Roberts is within striking distance of Kabul, within 80 miles, but he cannot be strong enough to attack the capital.—Ed. S. T.]

London, Jan. 11.—The Earl of Beaconsfield has completely recovered.

Bombay, Jan. 11.—The Mangal tribe has assumed a threatening aspect and General Roberts consequently decided to return to Khorram and concentrate his scattered forces. The Cabul Sardars have written a friendly letter to Major Cavagnari.

Azul Khan has disbanded his army and left Khandahar. Latest advices state that General Stewart was one day's march from Khandahar on 8th January.

SUPREME COURT.

IN SUMMARY JURISDICTION.
(Before Mr Justice Snowden.)
21st January, 1879.

H. G. James v. Lee Awah, \$90.—This was a claim for the value of certain articles of jewelry and a silk quilt which the defendant, as servant to plaintiff, had under his charge. The defendant had been charged with stealing the articles and was sent to the prison for a month.

October. He was released by order of H. E. the Governor on the 8th of this month, and last Tuesday appeared to prosecute the present plaintiff for his wages for five months. Mr Justice Russell, before whom that case was heard, adjourned the hearing to allow of the present action being taken, as a counter claim.

Mr James related the grounds upon which he based his claim, and called the man who succeeded defendant as his servant to prove that the articles alleged to be missing were not in the house when he took over charge. In answer to defendant, Mr James said he did not raise his wages from \$3 to \$10 to get him away from his previous master; he knew nothing of what his former master paid him. Defendant had then said he had made nothing on the mess money, as he had nothing to do with the mess at Bellevue; but he evidently expected to make something on the "chow-chow," in addition to his \$10, when he took service with the plaintiff (Mr James).

His Lordship remarked that \$10 was very good wages for a boy. Sergeant Toomey stated that he had arrested the defendant Lee Awah on the 20th October last, for stealing a bed-quilt and other articles the property of his employer, Mr James. He was convicted and sentenced to six months' hard labour on the 21st October.

His Lordship: Six months' hard labour? How comes he to be out of gaol now then? Witness: He was released by order of H. E. the Governor, on the 9th instant. Witness said he found none of the property in defendant's boxes in his house; no trace was found of the property at the pawnbroker's shop.

Mr James said he should like to ask how it was he came out of gaol so soon.

His Lordship said he (Mr James) could ask any question he liked in cross-examination.

Lee Awah (the defendant) was then de-called and stated how he came into the service of Mr James. He said that as regarded the jewelry sent to be missing he (defendant) had been sent to make a report of the robbery at the Central Station on the 20th July. He had left the plaintiff's service because his wages were not paid regularly. He had remained in the plaintiff's employ from July to September at the request of the plaintiff and still received no wages; he therefore told the plaintiff that he could not work any longer without wages. With regard to the missing property defendant—who spoke pretty fair English—said that plaintiff had distinctly told him that he did not know who to blame for the loss of the articles missing. He had applied several times for payment of his wages, and on the 10th October had threatened to summon the plaintiff. The plaintiff had then threatened to arrest him (defendant). Defendant took out a summons on the 11th. In regard to his release, he said H. E. the Governor visited the gaol on the 8th January when defendant stated his case. The result was that the case was re-heard.

His Lordship: Re-heard? Where was it re-heard?

Witness (continued):—In the office of the Gaol, before Mr Toomey; and on the re-hearing he was discharged. Plaintiff had promised to pay his wages when he came out of gaol. He had engaged a substitute whilst sick; and he suspected that the ring and other articles missing were stolen by the substitute. He (defendant) did not know the substitute before; he only met him at another house. He last saw the rings before he went home sick; they were in a small box on the dressing table. He could not find the substitute now; and he denied having willfully allowed the substitute to escape.

His Lordship adjourned the case for one week in order that he might confer with Mr Justice Russell regarding the other suit.

Wat Aching v. R. Snow, \$16.00.—This was a claim for painting the cabin of the American barque *Helena*. Defendant denied liability on the ground of the work not having been done to his satisfaction. The work was done last time the vessel was here, and an acknowledgment of the debt had been signed by defendant, in which he promised to pay the amount, providing the work stood. The work was not at all satisfactory, hence the dispute.

His Lordship said he should give judgment for the defendant, with costs, at the same time remarking that these written contracts were sometimes hard on the Chinese painter, as they were written in English; and he (his Lordship) was therefore very careful to sift such cases in order to do justice. At the same time they must do their work properly, although they could not be expected to do their work as well as Europeans.

Yan Ayau v. Thevenin, \$9.70.—This was a claim for wages, &c. Defendant admitted \$1.63. Plaintiff said he was willing to accept that sum, providing he got his clothes. Defendant said he had never refused to give up the clothes, and had been willing all along to pay the \$1.63. The plaintiff had been to gaol for 8 months, with hard labour, for stealing from his (defendant's) store, and when he came out of gaol, he went to the store and demanded his papers, clothes and money in a very impudent manner.

His Lordship said that the plaintiff might think himself lucky to get the \$1.63; he would give judgment for that amount, without costs.

Foster v. McKirdy, \$45.—This was a claim for wages as an oiler on board S.S. *Peruvia*, of which the defendant is the master. It would appear that the plaintiff took an advance note for the amount, which was drawn upon Messrs Olyphant and Co., who were the charterers of the steamer. The defendant did not deny the validity of the note, but said that the plaintiff had neglected to cash the note before the ship left. When the ship returned, Messrs Olyphant & Co. had failed, and the note was valueless. At the same time the ship had been debited with the amount, and the only question for the Court was whether the defendant was liable for the amount under the circumstances. The defendant stated that it was the universal custom for seamen if they did not use their advance notes to return them to the master before the ship sailed, who would then write the amount off the articles and the seaman would get the benefit. The plaintiff when asked by His Lordship why he had not done this, said that he had not cashed his note the previous voyage and had got the money when the ship returned here, so had thought it all safe this time.

His Lordship said it was a very important point, and he would consider the matter and give his decision next Tuesday.

CORRESPONDENCE.

THE GOVERNOR'S SPEECH AT THE CENTRAL SCHOOL.

21 Jan, 1879.
SIR.—On reading the Speech of H. E. the Governor, which was delivered at the annual distribution of prizes at the Central School, I observe that he makes one or two remarks on the defective knowledge of Chemistry possessed by the pupils, and of which the Governor discovered himself after examination of the boys.

H. E. did not however give his audience any hint as to the nature of the questions put, further than the general remark that they were "really very simple elementary questions." They were five in number, and out of these only one was answered properly. I have not seen any official copy of the questions put by the Governor on the occasion, but from what I can gather from various sources four of the questions were as follows; the fifth I have been unable to hear anything about:—

1. What is Heat?
2. What is Light?
3. Give the principal element contained in Rice.
4. State what are the chemical constituents of Tea?

Now, I would beg to ask anyone at all acquainted with the subject of Chemistry—it does not particularly matter whether he be an "honourable or learned friend,"—if the above four questions are "really very simple and elementary"? Were they reasonable questions to put to such a class? Were they included in the subjects taught at any time during the year elementary course of chemistry at the Central School? Do the first and second questions relating to Light and Heat come under Chemistry? Are they not usually taught under the head of Natural Philosophy or Physics? Do not the third and fourth questions come under Organic Chemistry, a branch of the subject never taught in the Central School? Was it a fair test of the boys' knowledge of Chemistry to take them outside of the subjects they had studied? Is it a fact that text-books are used by the pupils at the Central School?

The Governor in his speech makes the following statement:—"During the last six months instead of four European teachers we have had five in the school." I do not know who is responsible for the Governor's want of accurate information,—because the fifth European teacher only joined the staff on the 2nd instant, when St. Paul's College was shut up for the second time in its history; and therefore the additional teacher could have had nothing to do with the teaching in the Central School during the past year.

Yours, FAIRPLAY.

China.

SHANGHAI.

(Courier.)

We believe we are correct in stating that the long-expected question of the new uniform for the S.V.O. may be considered as at length decided, and that it will be of the brilliant scarlet and soldier-like pattern of the sketch submitted to the Council.

An impudent attempt at extortion has just been brought to our notice. A well-to-do Chinese woman was stopped in the Foochow Road on Friday last by a native who represented himself to be a broker. He claimed acquaintance, and asked her to lend him \$20. She failed to recognise him and told him so, but he still continued to importune her and told her if she did not pay him the money he would have her arrested. She ridiculed his impudence, and he went away declaring vengeance. Shortly afterwards he appeared at the Mixed Court and represented that the woman was his second wife, and that she had left him, taking away property of the value of about \$250. A warrant was placed in his statement, and a warrant was granted for the woman's apprehension. It was afterwards signed by Mr C. F. R. Allen, the British Assessor, and handed over to Inspector Wilson, of the Lunz Police Station, for execution. The woman was apprehended and taken to the Police Station, where she denied all knowledge of the man who claimed her as his wife, and on enquiries being made her statements were found to be true. Bail was accepted for her appearance. The case came before the Court on Monday last, when the whole thing was explained to be an attempt to extort money from her under fear of arrest, and she was liberated. An application that her persecutor should be punished was discontinued by the Chinese Magistrate. The man has not lived long in Shanghai, and it is thought he was ignorant of the fact that the warrant would be executed under foreign supervision, otherwise it would not have been difficult for his roguery to have succeeded.

PEKING.

Dec. 9th.

The weather here remains very mild. Our lowest observation of the thermometer at night has been 19° F., by day 84°.

Two of the London Missionaries have returned from a long visit to Shantung, where some 800 persons were baptized, among them a dozen graduates. There are at least one thousand more names on their lists, applicants either for the initiatory rite or instruction. This is unexampled progress.

From Shanai we learn that the late rains in many parts of the province have done very considerable damage. In the 9th month, in four of the haies in Tai-yuen-fu, it rained incessantly during the 7th, 8th and 9th, and on the 15th and 16th it rained more or less. The sun was not seen from the 9th to the 16th; many houses fell, the people in large numbers were dying of fever; and the millet crops were completely destroyed.

In Shantung too, the Yellow River had burst its banks and flooded the surrounding country, filling up the old dry water courses. In many places it stretched continuously for twenty or thirty li and ranged from 8 or 4 inches to 1 1/2 feet deep. The alluvial soil left after the subsidence amounted to 3 or 4 inches.

More snow has fallen, and the wheat crop may be said to be secure. Next year, the poorest will be able to eat "white flour"—M. C. D. News.

The Straits.

(Singapore Daily Times.)

The Chinese Protection Department is resolved, it would appear, to make a noise in the world. According to a clause in the Immigration Ordinance, a master of a vessel conveying coolies from China to this port must not land them until an Inspector from the Chinese Department shall have boarded the vessel and given the master his

consent to the men being allowed to leave. This, we understand, is the case whether the passage of the coolies has been paid or not.

The master of the *Carribrooke*, Captain Wharton, one of the most respectable ship-masters trading with this port, was unfortunately enough to sin against the Ordinance some time ago, by not preventing coolies whom he had brought from China from landing before they were examined by the Protector's Agent. A prosecution at the instance of the Chinese Department was instituted, notwithstanding the fact that the *Carribrooke* anchored in the harbour during the night, and that it may have been difficult for the Captain to detain coolies, whose passage had been paid, until the arrival of the Protector's Agent the next day. We regret to have to state, too, that a warrant for the apprehension of Captain Wharton, who has been a trader here for years past, was applied for, granted and executed when he would have supported a summons when he would have answered all purposes. The Magistrate held yesterday that Captain Wharton had offended against the Act, and fined him \$100. Whatever justification the Chinese Department may have had in instituting proceedings in this case we think it would have been more advisable if less animus had been shown by the Protector, and only a nominal fine inflicted by the Magistrate. The Chinese Department is not a particularly popular one, indeed, few people believe in its utility, and, as a new institution, we would recommend that instead of making people feel its existence by a severe system of prosecution it would be more desirable that it should proceed by easy stages. A new Ordinance only encounters distrust by being put into force in an arbitrary manner, and we would suggest that the present gentlemen who are deputed to see that the Immigration Ordinance is carried out should be instructed to act with tact, discretion and leniency.

In penning our remarks yesterday regarding the prosecution instituted against Captain Wharton, we were unaware of one or two facts which must modify the opinion we pronounced. It appears that this was the third complaint made against him, and that it was in accordance with the spirit we recommended that a prosecution had twice previously been withheld. Furthermore, the clause in the Immigration Ordinance to which we referred has reference to the Harbour-masters and not to the Chinese Department, the latter, under the instructions of the Government, endeavouring to obviate the inconvenience caused by a literal enforcement of the Ordinance by sending an officer on board at 6.30 A.M., to receive the Captain's report instead of obliging him to wait until 10 A.M. In using the word "animus" we were perhaps mistaken, as we are informed that Captain Wharton was totally unknown to the official who instituted the prosecution, and that the Assistant Protector stated in Court that he had no opposition to offer to any arrangement which dispensed with the Captain's presence after the case had been formally opened. We are further informed that, in all cases, masters of vessels have been warned only when the Ordinance has been infringed a first or second time.

CELEBRITIES AT HOME.

CAPTAIN RICHARD F. BURTON AT TRIESTE.

It is not given to every man to go to Trieste. The fact need not cause universal regret, inasmuch as the chief Austrian port on the Adriatic shores with Oriental tones, and that it is in accordance with the spirit we recommended that a prosecution had twice previously been withheld. Furthermore, the clause in the Immigration Ordinance to which we referred has reference to the Harbour-masters and not to the Chinese Department, the latter, under the instructions of the Government, endeavouring to obviate the inconvenience caused by a literal enforcement of the Ordinance by sending an officer on board at 6.30 A.M., to receive the Captain's report instead of obliging him to wait until 10 A.M. In using the word "animus" we were perhaps mistaken, as we are informed that Captain Wharton was totally unknown to the official who instituted the prosecution, and that the Assistant Protector stated in Court that he had no opposition to offer to any arrangement which dispensed with the Captain's presence after the case had been formally opened. We are further informed that, in all cases, masters of vessels have been warned only when the Ordinance has been infringed a first or second time.

Leading the way from the drawing-rooms or divans, he takes us through bedrooms and dressing-rooms, furnished in Spartan simplicity with little iron bedsteads covered with bearskins, and supplied with reading-tables and lamps, beside which repose the Bible, the Shakespeares, the Breviary which go with Captain and Mrs. Burton on all their wanderings. His gifted wife, one of the Arundells of Wardour, is, as becomes a scion of an ancient Anglo-Saxon Catholic house, strongly attached to the Church of Rome; but religious opinion is never allowed to disturb the peace of the Burton household, the head of which is laughingly accused of Mahometanism by his friends. The little rooms are completely lined with rough deal shelves, containing perhaps a thousand or more volumes in every Western language, as well as in Arabic, Persian, and Hindostani. Every odd corner is piled with weapons, guns, pistols, bow-spears, swords of every shape and make, foils and masks of armor, meters, barometers, and all kinds of scientific instruments. One cupboard is full of medicines necessary for Oriental expeditions, or for Mrs. Burton's Trieste poor, and on it is written "The Pharmacy." Aids are not wanting for elephant-nosed Gumpati is there cheek by jowl with Vishnu.

The most remarkable objects in the three rooms just alluded to are the rough deal tables, which occupy most of the floor-space. They are almost like kitchen or ironing tables. There may be eleven of them, each covered with writing-materials. At one of them sits Mrs. Burton in morning negligee, a gray choga—the long loose Indian dressing-gown of soft camel's hair—topped by a smoking-cap of the same material. She rises and greets her husband's old friend with the cheeriest look in the world. "I see you are looking at our tables. Every one does. Dick likes a separate table for every book, and when he is tired of one he goes to another. There are no tables of any size in Trieste. They had these made as soon as I came. So are so nice, we may upset anybody being put often as we like without anybody being put out of the way. These three little rooms out of the way. Where we live, work, and receive our friends, and we have the doors open that we may consult over our work. Looking at our tables, one may see an expanse of country extending for thirty or forty miles, the hills covered with foliage, through which peep trim villas, and beyond the hills higher mountains dotted with villages, a bit of the wild Karso peering from above. On the other side lies spread the Adriatic, with Miramar, poor Maximilian's home and hobby, lying on a rock projecting into the blue water, and on the opposite coast are the Carulan Alps capped with snow.

"Why we live so high up," explains Captain Burton, "is easily explained. To begin with, we are in good condition, and run up and down the stairs like squirrels. We live on the fourth story because there is no fifth. If I had a campaign and gardens and servants, horses and carriages, I should feel tied, weighted down, in fact. With a flat and two or three maid-servants, one has only to lock the door and go. It feels like a 'light marching order,' as if we were always ready for an expedition, and it is a comfortable place to come back to. Look at our land-and-sea-scape; we have air, light, and tranquillity; no dust, no noise, no street smells. Here my wife receives some-thing like seventy very intimate friends every Friday, an exercise of hospitality to which I have no objection, save one, and which is met by the height we live at. There is in every town a lot of talking about the weather and the beauty of the place, and this contingent cannot face the stairs."

In spite of all this, and perhaps because of it—for the famous Oriental traveller, whose quarters of a hundred languages are

the exterior is Christian; but a curious effect is produced among the Oriental mites on the presence of a pianoforte and a compact little library of well-chosen books. There is too another library here, greatly treasured by Mrs. Burton, to wit, a collection of her husband's works in about forty volumes. On the walls are many interesting relics, models, and diplomas of honour, one of which is especially prized by Captain Burton. It is the *brevet de pointe* earned in France for swordsmanship. Near this hangs a picture of the Damascus home of the Burtons by Frederick Leighton.

As the guest is inspecting this bright bit of colour he will be conscious of a full accident tones of a voice skilled in many languages, but never so full and hearty as when bidding a friend welcome. The speaker, Richard Burton, is a living proof that intense work, mental and physical, sojourn in torrid and frozen climes, danger from dagger and from pestilence, 'age' a person of good sound constitution far less than may be supposed. A Hertfordshire man, a soldier, and the son of a soldier, of mingled Scotch, Irish, and French descent, his iron frame shows in its twelfth lustre no sign of decay. *Arme blanche* and more insidious fever have neither dimmed his eye nor wasted his sinews. Standing about five feet eleven, his broad deep chest and square shoulders reduce his apparent height very considerably, and the illusion is intensified by hands and feet of Oriental smallness. The Eastern and indeed distinctly Arab, look of the man is made more pronounced by prominent cheek-bones (across one of which the scar of a sabre-cut), by closely-cropped black hair just tinged with gray, and a pair of piercing black gipsy-looking eyes. A short straight nose, a determined mouth partly hidden by a black moustache, and a deeply-bronzed complexion lit by livid pallor, complete the remarkable physiognomy so wonderfully rendered on canvas by Leighton only a couple of seasons ago. It is not to be wondered at that this stern Arab face, and a tongue marvellously rich in Oriental idiom and Mahometan lore, should have deceived doctors learned in the Koran, among whom Richard Burton risked his life during that memorable pilgrimage to Mecca and Medina, on which the slightest gesture or accent betraying the Frank would have unheated a hundred Kandjars. This celebrated journey, the result of an adventurous spirit worthy of a descendant of Rob Roy Macgregor, has never been surpassed in audacity or in perfect execution, and would suffice to immortalise its hero if he had not in addition explored Harar and Somali Land, organised a body of irregular cavalry in the Crimea, pushed (accompanied by Speke) into Eastern Africa from Zanzibar, visited the Mormons, explored the Cameron Mountains, visited the King of Dahomey, traversed the interior of Brazil, made a voyage to Iceland, and last, but not least, described the Land of Midian.

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In spite of all this, and perhaps because of it—for the famous Oriental traveller, whose quarters of a hundred languages are

hardly needed for the entry of cargoes at a third-rate seaport, seems to protest too much—one is impelled to ask what anybody can find to do at Trieste, an inquiry simply answered by a "Stay and see," with a slap on the shoulder to enforce the invitation. The *ménage Burton* is conducted on the early-rising principle. About four or five o'clock our hosts are astir, and already in their "den" drinking tea made over a spirit-lamp, and eating bread and fruit, reading and studying languages. By noon the morning's work is got over, including the consumption of a cup of soup, the abstinence without which no true believer is happy, and the obligations of Frankish toilettes. Then comes a stroll to the fencing-school, kept by an excellent broadswordman, an old German trooper. For an hour Captain and Mrs. Burton fence in the school, if the weather be cold; if it is warm they make for the water, and often swim for a couple of hours. Then comes a spell of work at the Consulate. "I have my Consulate," the chief explains, "in the heart of the town. I don't want my Jack-tar in my sanctum; and when he wants me, he has usually been on the spree and got into trouble." While the husband is engaged in his official duties, the wife is abroad promoting a Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, a necessary institution in Southern countries, where—on the purely gratuitous hypothesis that the so-called lower animals have no souls—the uttermost brutality is shown in the treatment of them. "You see," remarks our host, "that my wife and I are like an elder and younger brother living in *garçon*. We divide the work. I take all the hard and scientific part, and make her do all the rest. When we have worked all day, and said all we have to say to each other, we want relaxation. To that end we have formed a little 'mess,' with fifteen friends at the *table d'hôte* of the Hotel de la Villa, where we get a good dinner and a pint of the country wine made on the hillside for a florin and a half. By this plan we escape the bore of housekeeping, and are relieved from the curse of domesticity which we both hate. At dinner we hear the news, if any, take coffee, cigarettes, and Kirsh on the hotel, then go home to read ourselves to sleep; and to-morrow *de capo*."

Varied by journeys to Midian and elsewhere, would be apt to kindle desires for fresher woods and newer pastures. Captain Burton replies: "The existence you deprecate is varied by excursions. I know every stick and stone for a hundred miles round, and all the prehistoric remains of the country-side. Our Austrian Governor-general, Baron Pino, is a first-rate fellow, and often gives us a cruise in the Government yacht. It is, as you say, an odd place for me to be in; but recollect, it is not every place that would suit me."—World.

Quotations.

HONGKONG, January 21, 1879.

OPUM.—New Patna, cash,	557 1/2
" "	credit,
" Old Patna, cash,	37 1/2
" "	credit,
" New Benares, cash,	527 1/2
" "	credit,
" Old Benares, cash,	—
" "	credit,
" New Malwa, cash,	760
" "	credit,
" Alliance Teels,	—
" Old Malwa, cash,	775
" "	credit,
" Allowance Teels,	—

Exchange.

Telegraphic Transfer, ...	3/6 1/2
Bank, on demand, ...	3/7 1/2
" 30 days' sight, ...	3/7 1/2
" 6 months' sight, ...	3/8 1/2
Credits, ...	3/8 1/2
Documentary, 6 months' sight, ...	3/8 1/2
Bombay, demand Rupees, ...	2/9
Calcutta, ...	2/9
Shanghai, demand, ...	72 1/2
" 30 days, ...	73
Bar Silver, 17 dwts. B., ...	109 1/2
Syces, ...	109 1/2
Mexicans, ...	2 1/2
Gold Leaf, 99 1/2 fine, ...	27.60
English Sovereigns, ...	5.37
Australian Sovereigns, ...	5.37

Shares.

Hongkong Bank, 48 p. prem.	
Union Ins. Society of Canton, \$1,630	
China Traders' Ins. Co., \$1,500	
Yankee Ins. Assoc., \$1,725	
Chinese Insurance Co., \$310	
N. K. China Ins. Co., \$1,250	
H. K. Fire Ins. Co., \$500	
China Fire Ins. Co., \$180	
H. K. & W. Dock Co., 6 p. dis.	
H. K. & W. S. S. S. Co., 6 p. dis.	
Shanghai Steam Navigation, \$1.17	
China Coast Ste. Nav. Co., \$1.102	
Hongkong Hotel Co., \$55	
China Sugar Refining Co., \$148	
Chinese Imperial Loan, \$109	
Do, of 1877, £108/10.	

Temperatures.

(Taken at Messrs Falconer & Co.'s Premises, Queen's Road.)

HONGKONG, January 21, 1879.	
BAROMETER—9 A.M.	30.200

Mails.

NOTICE.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.
PAQUEBOTS POSTE FRANÇAIS.

STEAM FOR
SAIGON, SINGAPORE, BATAVIA,
POINT DE GALLE, COLOMBO,
ADEN, SUÉZ, ISMAÏLIA, PORT
SAÏD, NAPLES, AND
MARSEILLES;
Also,
BOMBAY, MAHE, ST. DENIS, AND
PORT LOUIS.

ON SATURDAY, the 25th January,
1879, at Noon, the Company's S. S.
IRAOUADY, Commandant GAUVAIN,
with MAILS, PASSENGERS, SPEOPLE,
and CARGO, will leave this Port for the
above places.

Cargo and Speed will be registered for
London as well as for Marseilles, and ac-
cepted in transit through Marseilles for
the principal places of Europe.

Shipping Orders will be granted until
Noon.

Cargo will be received on board until
4 p.m., Speed and Parcels until 3 p.m.
on the 24th January, 1879. (Parcels are
not to be sent on board; they must be left
at the Agency's Office.)

Contents and value of Packages are re-
quired.

For further particulars, apply at the
Company's Office.

L. HENNEQUIN,
Acting Agent.

Hongkong, January 14, 1879. ja25

Occidental & Oriental Steam-
Ship Company.

TAKING THROUGH CARGO AND
PASSENGERS FOR THE UNITED
STATES AND EUROPE,

IN CONNECTION WITH THE
CENTRAL

and
UNION PACIFIC AND CONNECTING
RAILROAD COMPANIES

AND
ATLANTIC STEAMERS.

THE S.S. OCEANIC will be despatched
for San Francisco via Yokohama,
on TUESDAY, the 4th February, 1879, at
8 p.m., taking Cargo and Passengers for
Japan, the United States and Europe.

Connection is made at Yokohama, with
Steamers from Shanghai.

Freight will be received on Board until
4 p.m. of the 3rd February. PARCEL
PACKAGES will be received at the Office
until 5 p.m. same day; all Parcel Packages
should be marked to address in full; value
of same is required.

A REDUCTION is made on RETURN PAS-
SAGE TICKETS.

For further information as to Freight
on Passage, apply to the Agency of the
Company, No. 37, Queen's Road Central.

G. B. EMORY, Agent.

Hongkong, January 3, 1879. fe4

SAILOR'S HOME.

ANY Cast-off CLOTHING, BOOKS, OR
PAPERS will be thankfully received
at the Sailor's Home, West Point.

Hongkong, July 25, 1878.

Insurances.

THE SCOTTISH IMPERIAL INSUR-
ANCE COMPANY.

Agents for the above Company at
Hongkong, Canton, Foochow, Shanghai,
and Hankow, and are prepared to grant
Insurances at current rates.

HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.
Hongkong, October 15, 1868.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned, Agents for the above
Company, are prepared to grant In-
surances at current rates.

MEYER & Co.
Hongkong, August 13, 1878.

NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE
INSURANCE COMPANY.

Incorporated by Royal Charter and
Special Acts of Parliament.

ESTABLISHED 1809.

CAPITAL £2,000,000.

THE Undersigned, AGENTS at Hongkong
for the above Company, are prepared
to grant Policies against FIRE, to the
extent of £10,000 on any Building, or
on Merchandise in the same, at the
usual Rates, subject to a discount of 20
per cent.

GILMAN & Co.,
Agents.

Hongkong, July 6, 1878.

CHINESE INSURANCE COMPANY,
(LIMITED.)

NOTICE.

POLICIES granted at current rates on
Marine Risks to all parts of the World.
In accordance with the Company's Articles
of Association, Two Thirds of the Profit,
are distributed annually to Contributors
whether Shareholders or not, in proportion
to the net amount of Premiums contributed
by each, the remaining third being carried
to Reserve Fund.

J. BRADLEE SMITH,
General Agent.

Hongkong, December 9, 1878.

Insurances.

BERLIN COLOGNE
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
BERLIN.

Guarantee Funds of the
Company's Reinsurers, M. 100,000,000
Shareholders' Capital, " 6,000,000
Premiums and Interests " 5,157,643
for 1877, " 1,466,123
Reserves, " 1,466,123

Makes a Grand Total of... M. 112,823,763

Capital Insured end of 1877, M. 1,924,507,681

THE Undersigned having been Appoint-
ed AGENTS GENERAL for the
above Company, are prepared to grant
Insurances to the extent of \$50,000 on
First-class Risks at Current Rates.

GROSSMANN & Co.,
Agents General.

Hongkong, January, 1879. fe6

THE GUARDIAN FIRE AND LIFE
ASSURANCE COMPANY,
LONDON.

THE AGENCY of the above Company
at this Port and at Foochow has
This Day been Transferred to the Under-
signed, who are prepared to accept Risks
and grant Policies at Current Rates.

BIRLEY & Co.
Hongkong, January 11, 1879. fe11

THE CHINA FIRE INSURANCE
COMPANY, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE—HONGKONG.

AGENCIES at all the Treaty Ports of
China and Japan, and at Singapore,
Saidon and Penang.

Risks accepted, and Policies of Insurance
granted at the rates of Premium current at
the above mentioned Ports.

NO CHARGE FOR POLICY FEES.

JAS. B. COUGHTRIE,
Secretary.

Hongkong, November 1, 1871.

THE LONDON ASSURANCE.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER
of
His Majesty King George The First,
A. D. 1720.

THE Undersigned having been appointed
Agents for the above Corporation are
prepared to grant Insurances as follows:—

Marine Department.

Policies at current rates payable either
here, in London or at the principal Ports
of India, China and Australia.

Fire Department.

Policies issued for long or short periods at
current rates. A discount of 20% allowed.

Life Department.

Policies issued for sums not exceeding
£5,000 at reduced rates.

HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.
Hongkong, July 25, 1872.

MANCHESTER FIRE ASSURANCE
COMPANY OF
MANCHESTER AND LONDON.

ESTABLISHED 1824.

Capital of the Company £1,000,000 Sterling
of which is paid up £ 100,000
Reserve Fund upwards of £ 120,000
Annual Income £ 250,000

THE Undersigned have been appointed
Agents for the above Company at
Hongkong, Canton, Foochow, Shanghai,
and Hankow, and are prepared to grant
Insurances at current rates.

HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.
Hongkong, October 15, 1868.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned, Agents for the above
Company, are prepared to grant In-
surances at current rates.

MEYER & Co.,
Agents, Royal Insurance Company.

Hongkong, October 27, 1874.

QUEEN FIRE INSURANCE
COMPANY.

THE Undersigned are prepared to grant
Policies against Fire to the extent of
£45,000 on Buildings, or on Goods stored
therein, at current local rates, subject to a
Discount of 20% on the Premium.

NORTON & Co.,
Agents.

Hongkong, January 1, 1874.

LANCASHIRE INSURANCE
COMPANY.

(FIRE AND LIFE.)

CAPITAL—TWO MILLIONS STERLING.

THE Undersigned are prepared to grant
Policies against the Risk of FIRE on
Buildings or on Goods stored therein, on
Goods on board Vessels and on Hulls of
Vessels in Harbour, at the usual Terms
and Conditions.

Proposals for Life Assurances will be re-
ceived, and transmitted to the Directors
for their decision.

If required, protection will be granted on
first class Lives up to £1000 on a Single
Life.

For Rates of Premiums, forms of pro-
posals or any other information, apply to
ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.,
Agents, Hongkong & Canton.

Hongkong, January 4, 1867.

Intimations.

MOORE & Co.,
"VARIETY STORE,"
NEWS AGENTS AND TOBACCONISTS.
No. 42, Queen's Road Central.
Hongkong, September 10, 1878.

NOTICE.

IN consequence of the Fire, NAM HING
LOONG has REMOVED to No. 6,
STANLEY STREET, where Business will be
Conducted as usual.
Hongkong, December 28, 1878. — ja28

NOTICE.

OFFICE OF THE SHANGHAI STEAM
NAVIGATION COMPANY,
IN LIQUIDATION.

A SEVENTH RETURN OF CAPITAL
at the Rate of TWO TAELS per
SHARE will be made to Shareholders of
Record on the 8th January. Payable at
the Office of the Liquidators, on WED-
NESDAY, the 15th January.
Warrants will then be delivered by the
Undersigned to Shareholders, or their
lawful representatives, on presentation of
Share Certificates for endorsement.
The Transfer BOOKS of the Company
will be CLOSED from the 8th to the 15th
January, inclusive.

By Order,
RUSSELL & Co.,
Liquidators.

Shanghai, January 4, 1879. fe8

NOTICE.

THE CHINESE MAIL.

FROM and after the Chinese New Year's
day (February 17, 1874) the Chinese
Mail will be issued DAILY instead of tri-
weekly as heretofore. No change, how-
ever, will be made in the price of subscrip-
tion, which will remain at \$4 per annum.

The charges for advertisements are now
assimilated to those of the China Mail.
The unusual success which has attended
the Chinese Mail makes it an admirable
medium for advertisers.

The Conductors guarantee an eventual
circulation of one thousand copies. It is
already the most influential native journal
published, and enjoys considerable prestige
at the Ports of China and Japan, and at
Singapore, Penang, Calcutta, San Fran-
cisco and Australia.

China Mail Office.

TO LET.

HOUSES Nos. 5 and 9, Zeland Street,
DAVID SARSON, SONS & Co.
Hongkong, January 2, 1879.

TO LET.

FIRST-CLASS OFFICES and GO-
DOWNS, Nos. 64 and 66,
Fraya Central.

Apply to — WO HANG,
Nos. 6 and 7, Fraya West,
Hongkong, January 2, 1879.

TO LET.

IN the Houses on MARINE LOT 65,
formerly known as the Blue Houses,
situate on Fraya East:—

FIRST FLOOR, No. 2, with possession
1st February.

As also,

SIX SPACIOUS ROOMS, with Cor-
ridors and Out-houses in the DWELLING
HOUSE, to the Eastward of the Pier at
Wanchai. These may be had in Apart-
ments of Two or Three Rooms to suit
convenience. Fine appolous Verandah looking
on the Harbour. Immediate Possession.

TO LET.

FIRST CLASS GRANITE GODOWNS,
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Also,
A SPACIOUS TIMBER YARD, close
to the Wanchai Pier. Timber received on
Storage or the Yard Rented.

For further particulars, apply to
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Hongkong, August 15, 1878.

TO BE LET.

TWO Excellent STONE-FLOORED
GODOWNS, on Marine Lot No. 10,
Fraya Central.

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Volume. 8vo. Price, \$1.50.

Orders will be received by Messrs Lane,
Crawford & Co.,
Hongkong, July 21, 1878.

Merchant Vessels in Hongkong Harbour.

Exclusive of late Arrivals and Departures reported to-day.

To facilitate finding the position of any vessel in the Harbour, the Anchorage is divided into eight Sections, commencing at
Green Island. Vessels near the Hongkong shore are marked h, near the Kowloon shore k, and those in the body of the
Shipping or midway between each shore are marked c, in conjunction with the figures denoting the sections.

Section.
1. From Green Island to the Gas Works.
2. From Gas Works to the Novelty Iron Works.
3. From Novelty Iron Works to the Harbour Master's Office.
4. From Harbour Master's Office to the P. and O. Co.'s Office.
5. From P. and O. Co.'s Office to Poddar's Wharf.
6. From Poddar's Wharf to the Naval Yard.
7. From Naval Yard to the Pier.
8. From Pier to East Point.

Vessel's Name.	Anchor- age.	Captain.	Flag and Rig.	Tons.	Date of Arrival.	Consignees or Agents.	Destination.	Remarks.
Steamers								
Albany	1	F. Ashton	Brit. str.	366	Jan. 18	Douglas Lapraik & Co.	Amoy & Taiwanfo	K'loon Dock
America	2	Graham	Brit. str.	1000	Jan. 17	Landstein & Co.	Shanghai	To-day
Amoy	3	Drewes	Brit. str.	814	Jan. 19	Siemssen & Co.	Holhow & Halphong	K'loon Dock
Argyll	4	Scott	Brit. str.	1271	Dec. 22	Jardine, Matheson & Co.	Bangkok	Wanchai Pier
Atalanta	5	Poterson	Ger. str.	782	Jan. 16	Meyer & Co.	Yokohama	Mails
Bellona	6	Alderton	Ger. str.	789	Jan. 13	Siemssen & Co.	Shanghai	K'loon Dock
Bombay	1 b	Orr	Brit. str.	749	Feb. 13	Ekwok Acheong	Holhow & Halphong	K'loon Dock
China	5	Alderton	Brit. str.	1036	Jan. 15	P. & O. S. N. Co.	Bangkok	Manila
Chinkiang	5	Orr	Brit. str.	799	Dec. 21	Siemssen & Co.	Coast Ports	Amoy and Manila
Conquest	5 b	Scott	Brit. str.	317	Jan. 19	Kwong Lee Yuen	Remedios & Co.	Tug Flying
Danube	3 h	Clancy	Brit. str.	561	Jan. 18	Yuen Fat Hong	Shanghai	To-day
Diamante	5	Thebaud	Brit. str.	514	Jan. 19	Russell & Co.	Shanghai	Mails, 25th
Douglas	5 b	Young	Brit. str.	864	Jan. 21	Douglas Lapraik & Co.	Yokohama	4th prox.
Emmy	5	Blanco	Span. str.	222	Jan. 21	Remedios & Co.	Sands' Slip	
Fame	6 h	Stapani	Brit. str.	117	Jan. 19	H. K. & W. P. Co.	Shanghai	K'loon Dock
Glenorchy	5	Hogg	Brit. str.	1775	Jan. 19	Jardine, Matheson & Co.	Shanghai	K'loon Dock
Iraouaddy	5	Gauvain	Feb. str.	2558	Jan. 21	Messageries Maritimes	Yokohama	4th prox.
Killarney	5	O'Neill	Brit. str.	1080	Jan. 21	Gibb, Livingston & Co.	Sands' Slip	
Lee Yuen	4 b	Tiedall	Chi. str.	734	Jan. 12	M. S. N. Co.	Shanghai	K'loon Dock
Lorne	5	McGulloch	Brit. str.	1034	Jan. 12	Malchera & Co.	Shanghai	K'loon Dock
Ningpo	5	Cass	Brit. str.	761	Jan. 17	Siemssen & Co.	Shanghai	K'loon Dock
Norma	3 h	Metcalfe	Brit. str.	606	June 28	Kwok Acheong	Yokohama & S. Falco	4th prox.
Oceanic	3 h	McKirdy	Brit. str.	2297	Jan. 17	P. & O. S. S. Co.	Sands' Slip	
Pacific	5	Hornsbalm	Ger. str.	69	Jan. 10	Siemssen & Co.	Shanghai	K'loon Dock
Paraguay	5	McKirdy	Belg. str.	2297	Dec. 17	Jardine, Matheson & Co.	Shanghai	K'loon Dock
Quinn	5	Wrang	Ger. str.	876	Jan. 17	Sooy Shing	Shanghai	K'loon Dock
Sas Gull	5 b	Wang	Amer. str.	876	Jan. 18	W. H. Ray	Shanghai	K'loon Dock
Thales	5	Fosco	Brit. str.	820	Jan. 21	Douglas Lapraik & Co.	Shanghai	K'loon Dock
Yokohama	3 h	Goggin	Brit. str.	285	Jan. 21	Kwok Acheong	Shanghai	K'loon Dock
Sailing Vessels								
Agate	3	Pike	Amer. bge.	620	Dec. 20	Vogel & Co.	New York	
Aldon Bease	4	Noyes	Amer. bge.	850	Dec. 17	Rozario & Co.	New York	
Alfredo	6	Pitaluga	Ital. bge.	909	Jan. 17	Bornao Co., Limited	New York	
Black Hawk	8	Howland	Amer. sb.	1126	Jan. 13	Geo. R. Stevens & Co.	New York	
Black Watch	1 b	Kennish	Brit. bge.	491	Dec. 8	Master	New York	
Carnarvonshire	5	Flahwick	Brit. bge.	388	Nov. 13	Gibb, Livingston & Co.	New York	
Charité	2 b	Gautier	Feb. bge.	256	Jan. 18	Carlowitz & Co.	New York	
Charmar	1	Lucky	Amer. sb.	1333	Jan. 8	Order	New York	
Christina	5	Capra	Nic. & M. so.	173	Dec. 21	J. J. dos Remedios & Co.	New York	
Copran	8 h	Hall	Amer. sch.	188	July 18	W. H. Ray	New York	
Coloma	4	Hall	Amer. bge.	855	Nov. 15	Russell & Co.	New York	
Commissary	7	Morison	Brit. sb.	900	Oct. 23	Meyer & Co.	New York	
Condor	2	Steffens	Ger. bge.	868	Nov. 22	Vogel & Co.	New York	
Connaught Ranger	3	Murphy	Brit. sb.	1153	Dec. 8	Malchers & Co.	New York	
Corduan	2	Bertaud	Feb. bge.	459	Nov. 10	Carlowitz & Co.	New York	
Corea	4	Pease	Brit. bge.	585	Jan. 9	Meyer & Co.	New York	
Cresswell	4	White	Brit. bge.	464	Jan. 6	Wielor & Co.	New York	
E. C. Mutch	4	Mutch	Brit. sb.	182	Jan. 9	Wielor & Co.	New York	
Echo	2	Teiser	Brit. bge.	864	Jan. 9	Arnhold, Karberg & Co.	New York	
Elizabeth Nicholas	8	Grierson	Brit. sb.	909	Oct. 17	Bornao Co., Limited	New York	
Emilio V.	2 b	Morillo	Ital. bge.	724	Nov. 80	D. Musso & Co.	New York	
Esperance	5	Guillon	Feb. bge.	472	Dec. 21	Carlowitz & Co.	New York	
Fanny	4	Gougon	Feb. bge.	314	Nov. 9	Landstein & Co.	New York	
Faugh Balough	3	Ritte	Ger. bge.	440	Dec. 19	Carlowitz & Co.	New York	
Fleetwing	3	Guest	Amer. sb.	829	Oct. 17	Vogel & Co.	New York	
Flensburg	4	Jacobsen	Dan. bge.	365	Nov. 22	Eduard Schellhaus & Co.	New York	
Fontenay	4	Taylor	Brit. sb.	635	Oct. 10	Arnhold, Karberg & Co.	New York	
Forward	2	Vandevord	Brit. bge.	744	Dec. 17	Rozario & Co.	New York	
Friedrich	5	Ulderup	Ger. bge.	672	Jan. 7	Meyer & Co.	New York	
Gylding	3	Winter	Dan. bge.	240	Jan. 18	Wielor & Co.	New York	
Hall Columbia	4	Brereton	Amer. sch.	863	Nov. 15	Eduard Schellhaus & Co.	New York	
Hattie N. Bangs	4	Bangs	Amer. sch.	558	Dec. 1	Wielor & Co.	New York	
Hawthorn	3	Mead	Brit. bge.	298	Dec. 2	Rozario & Co.	New York	
Havelhurst	8	Goudry	Brit. bge.	877	Jan. 17	Wielor & Co.	New York	
Helena	2	Snow	Amer. bge.	608	Jan. 10	Rozario & Co.	New York	
Herbert Black	4	Freest	Amer. bge.	608	Jan. 10	Vogel & Co.	New York	
Highlander	4	Hutchinson	Amer. sb.	1281	June 21	Eduard Schellhaus & Co.	New York	
Holstein	5	Kilper	Amer. sb.	4352	Dec. 1	Meyer & Co.	New York	
Invisible	8	Stickland	Amer. sch.	481	Jan. 24	Meyer & Co.	New York	
Irene	7	Yates	Amer. sch.	609	Nov. 24	Russell & Co.	New York	
J. H. Ingersoll	7	Daw	Amer. bge.	609	Nov. 24	Siemssen & Co.	New York	
Kaisar	7	Larsen	Norw. bge.	417	Dec. 14	Siemssen & Co.	New York	
Laurel	4	Johns n	Brit. bge.	638	Jan. 3	Gibb, Livingston & Co.	New York	
Lota	6	Duddell	Brit. bge.	472	Jan. 13	Order	New York	
Louisa	3	Shierloh	Ger. 3m. so.	245	Oct. 17	Eduard Schellhaus & Co.	New York	
Maid of Judah	3	Webb	Brit. bge.	648	Dec. 14	Rozario & Co.	New York	
Maria Louisa	4	Elohsen	Ger. bge.	442	Jan. 20	Wielor & Co.	New York	
Marquis of Argyll	3	McKeon	Brit. bge.	500	Dec. 24	Rozario & Co.	New York	
Matchless	7	Dawes	Amer. sb.	1165	Nov. 10	Meyer & Co.	New York	
Mignon	4	Soule	Amer. 3m. so.	484	Jan. 1	Wielor & Co.	New York	
Morning Star	1 h	Michaelson	Swed. sch.	570	Dec. 10	Chinese	New York	
Nicolaus	5	Stolken	Ger. sch.	167	Oct. 20	Remedios & Co.	New York	
Nuevo Constante	4	Uriarte	Span. sch.	208	Dec. 27	Lane, Crawford & Co.	New York	
Onward	4	Boysen	Brit. sch.	200	Dec. 27	Douglas Lapraik & Co.	New York	
Pilgrim	8	Powle	Amer. sb.	956	Jan. 13	Arnold, Karberg & Co.	New York	
P. Fitzpatrick	8	Phelan	Amer. bge.	480	Jan. 13	Chinese	New York	
Premier	2	Holmes	Brit. bge.	480	Jan. 13	Chinese	New York	
Prince Arthur	3	Wills	Brit. bge.	480	Jan. 13	Vogel & Co.	New York	
Rosetta McNeil	4	Brown	Amer. bge.	611	Jan. 13	Admson, Bell & Co.	New York	
Silver Eagle	2 h	Behard	Brit. bge.	908	Jan. 13	Meyer & Co.	New York	
Staut	5	Acheong	Brit. bge.	581	Jan. 13	Arnold, Karberg & Co.	New York	
Stonewall Jackson	8	Berrett	Amer. bge.	1152	Dec. 30	Russell & Co.	New York	
Strathmore	4	Millar	Brit. bge.	600	Dec. 21	Wielor & Co.	New York	
Sumaride	4	Hemsworth	Brit. bge.	843	Jan. 1	Siemssen & Co.	New York	
Sumatra	3	Clough	Amer. sb.	1090	Sept. 1	Russell & Co.	New York	
Sydenham	4	Miller	Brit. sb.	1063	Jan. 5	Vogel & Co.	New York	
Theresa & Nelly	1 h	Ga. ceau	Feb. bge.	358	Nov. 16	Carlowitz & Co.	New York	
Thon. A. Goddard	7	Smith	Amer. bge.	682	Jan. 9	Douglas Lapraik & Co.	New York	
W. E. Gladstone	3	Galliohan	Brit. bge.	684	Jan. 4	Master	New York	
Wm. Phillips	8 h	Healy	Amer. sch.	562	Jan. 18	Captain	New York	
WhamPOA								
Florence Nightingale	5	McIntyre	Brit. bge.	464	Jan. 6	Arnhold, Karberg & Co.	New York	
Helene	5	Volguardsen	Ger. bge.	232	Jan. 18	Wielor & Co.	New York	
Pacific Slope	5	Tank	Brit. bge.	799	Jan. 19	Russell & Co.	New York	
Paralos	5	Pasco	Feb. bge.	242	Jan. 4	Carlowitz & Co.	New York	